



Applicant Information

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Abstract Details

Title:

Barriers And Facilitators to The Implementation of Midwife-Led Care for Women of Reproductive Age Visiting Ante-Natal Clinic at The Volta Regional Hospital, Ghana.

Category:

Maternal and child health

Authors:

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Objectives:

The purpose of this study is to analyze the barriers and facilitators of implementing midwife-led care for women of reproductive age at the Volta Regional Hospital in Ghana, aiming to improve maternal and neonatal healthcare outcomes.

Method:

The study used a qualitative in-depth interview design. Participants were selected through purposive sampling, including pregnant women and midwives. An in-depth interview guide was used for data collection, and interviews were transcribed and analyzed using thematic analysis.

Results:

The study revealed key barriers in implementing midwife-led care, including staffing challenges, financial constraints, infrastructure limitations, and low patient education. Facilitators of implementing midwife-led care included improved education and awareness, enhanced infrastructure and resources, and strengthened staffing and workforce. Demographic factors, such as maternal age, education, and economic status, were identified as contributing factors that significantly impacted access to and experiences with midwife-led care.

Conclusion:

The study concludes that addressing educational, infrastructural, and staffing barriers is crucial for implementing midwife-led care effectively. Tailored approaches considering demographic factors can enhance access and quality of services. Collaborative efforts among healthcare providers and continuous professional development are essential to ensure midwife-led care meets diverse patient needs

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